Caretogether

Tameside and Glossop Integrated Financial Position: M5 2016/17

2016/17 Revenue Monitoring Statement at 31 August 2016 and projected outturn to 31 March 2017

Single Commissioning Board – 4 October 2016

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Combined Financial Position for the ICF

<u>£000's</u>	Year	r to Date (I	M5)		Year End			ement
							Previous	Movement
<u>Description</u>	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Forecast	Variance	Month	in Month
Acute	82,174	82,477	(304)	198,339	198,256	83	(274)	357
Mental Health	12,123	12,217	(94)	29,096	29,168	(72)	(203)	132
Primary Care	33,481	33,882	(401)	80,423	81,167	(744)	(590)	(155)
Continuing Care	4,053	4,139	(86)	12,254	12,445	(191)	(206)	15
Community	11,409	11,396	13	27,539	27,572	(33)	(5)	(28)
Other	10,833	9,869	964	25,237	24,838	399	783	(383)
QIPP				0	4,790	(4,790)	(12,893)	8,103
CCG Running Costs	1,815	1,907	(92)	5,162	4,604	558	425	132
CCG Sub Total	155,888	155,888	(0)	378,050	382,840	(4,790)	(12,963)	8,173
Adult Social Care & Early	17,585	18,111	(526)	41,995	43,258	(1,263)	(1,263)	0
Intervention								
Childrens Services, Strategy	10,507	10,719	(213)	25,877	26,387	(510)	(308)	(202)
& Early Intervention								
Public Health	(2,653)	(2,533)	(120)	1,400	1,687	(287)	(237)	(50)
TMBC Sub Total	25,439	26,297	(858)	69,272	71,332	(2,060)	(1,808)	(252)
GRAND TOTAL	181,327	182,185	(858)	447,322	454,172	(6,850)	(14,771)	7,921
A: Section 75 Services	93,866	93,263	603	232,236	235,396	(3,160)		
CCG	78,435	78,074	361	190,216	191,739	(1,523)		

A: Section 75 Services	93,866	93,263	603	232,236	235,396	(3,160)
CCG	78,435	78,074	361	190,216	191,739	(1,523)
TMBC	15,431	15,189	242	42,020	43,657	(1,637)
B: Aligned Services	74,409	75,808	(1,399)	183,435	186,570	(3,135)
CCG	64,402	64,700	(298)	156,183	158,895	(2,712)
TMBC	10,008	11,108	(1,100)	27,252	27,675	(423)
C: In Collaboration Services	13,051	13,114	(63)	31,650	32,206	(556)
CCG	13,051	13,114	(63)	31,650	32,206	(556)
TMBC	0	0	0	0	·	0

The CCG figure quoted in table 1 differs from that reported to NHS England in the Non ISFE return, due to the treatment of QIPP and timing of the recovery plan. This is to ensure consistency of reporting across the Integrated Commissioning Fund, for both CCG and Local Authority. This is presentational only and does not affect the underlying position. It has been agreed at Single Commissioning Board, that all financial gaps (including QIPP) should be treated as a deficit until the savings have been achieved (ie, reported as green in QIPP/recovery plans)

- Opening commissioner financial gap of £21.5m. Total economy gap (inc FT of £17.3m) is £38.8m.
- Still need to close £6.85m of the commissioner gap.
- Significant improvement in the CCG QIPP position following submission of recovery plan.
- Still work to do to ensure delivery of full savings target. Significant risk attached to this.
- Currently forecasting:
 - CCG to deliver 1% surplus in 2016/17
 - Keep 1% of CCG allocation uncommitted
 - Maintain Mental Health parity of esteem
 - Remain within CCG running cost allocation
 - > TMBC deliver a balanced budget

Recommendations

- Note the updated M5 YTD position and projected outturn
- Acknowledge risk in relation to achieving balanced 2016/17 financial position
- Acknowledge significant savings required to close the long term financial gap

Key Movements & Narrative: CCG

CCG

- Submission of recovery plan has led to significant increase in value of green rated QIPP schemes (£0.6m to £8.7m)
- Significant changes in outturn position by directorate:
 - Acute: Movement of £350k budget from reserves to fund pressures in Independent sector.
 - Release of £500k savings in CATs to fund QIPP target. Also release cross year benefit on NCA to QIPP.
 - Detailed breakdown of movements in acute providers detailed seperately
 - Mental Health: £61k benefit in the position due to reduced activity in Hurst Beckett unit.
 - Still on track to meet parity of esteem commitments.
 - Primary Care: £145k movement in position relates to pressures in relation to provision of 7 day access.
 - Detailed work on value of prescribing spend ongoing.
 - ➤ Continuing Care: Reduction in value of both budget and forecast in relation to 15/16 estimates.
 - Detailed work on value of 16/17 forecast and monitoring arrangements ongoing.
 - ➤ **Community**: £181k for community IT moved from reserves into budgets.
 - Running Costs: Value of underspend is increased to £558k as part of review of cost to feed into recovery plan.

Acute Provider Drilldown

- Tameside FT: Overspent by (£631k) YTD. Showing as breakeven by year end due to the expectation that transformational schemes will be realised and activity will reduce. Pressures driven by:
 - > Elective & DC Admissions: Particularly T&O (£320k)
 - Ambulatory: Pulmonary embolism (£105k) / DVT (£79k)
 - Maternity (£65k) / Gynaecology (£90k)
 - Dispute over cross year excess bed days not included in actuals below (£290k)
- Central Manchester: Pressures driven by macular activity (£234k) and waiting list initiatives for gastroenterology (£34k) / cardiology (£28k)
- **South Manchester**: High cost Critical Care patient (£94k) & vascular day cases (£59k)
- Salford: Outpatient follow ups (£30k) / Ad Hoc Drugs (£32k)
- Stockport / Pennine Acute: Underspend of £66k in T&O elective / £12k in T&O Daycase for the respective providers which offsets the increase in independent sector and other providers.

£000's	Y	ear to Date				
1000 5	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Tameside	52,511	53,142	(631)	127,075	127,075	0
Central Manchester	9,352	9,428	(76)	22,280	22,601	(321)
Stockport	4,950	4,640	310	11,969	11,685	284
South Manchester	2,676	2,750	(74)	6,568	6,751	(183)
Pennine Acute	1,681	1,538	143	4,029	3,796	233
Salford	1,339	1,462	(122)	3,226	3,421	(195)
WWL	579	585	(5)	1,409	1,278	131
Bolton	33	32	0	80	76	4
Total	73,122	73,577	(455)	176,635	176,683	(48)

Key Movements & Narrative: TMBC

Adult Social Care

- Better Care Fund Removal of payment for the performance element of BCF has resulted in changes to national conditions around NHS commissioned out of hospital services. There is a minimum requirement in 2016/17 to invest £4.4m of the overall BCF allocation into these services which represents an increase of £1.12m on the previous year's figure. Consequently this has resulted in a £1.12m reduction in the BCF resource available to fund Adult Social Care
- CCTV The service has a projected deficit of £0.060m. A service review is underway in this area to reduce expenditure where appropriate. Updates will be provided in future reports

Children's Social Care

Looked After Children (LAC) - The current number of LAC supported by the Council is 445. This includes Fostering and Adoption placements as well residential care homes. Numbers have increased by 10 since April 2016. Current estimates are that spend will be in excess of budget by £0.442m by the end of the financial year. It should be noted that the service is exposed to the risk of further unexpected and complex needs placements

Public Health

 Temporary resourcing of the Active Tameside capital investment prudential borrowing repayments is currently under consideration. The temporary resourcing arrangements will be replaced in future years via the recurrent savings achieved from a significant reduction to the annual management fee payable. Currently a borrowing repayment of £0.186m is included within the projected outturn estimate.

Key Movements & Narrative: Tameside & Glossop Integrated Care FT

- For the 5 months to August 2016, the ICO is delivering a deficit of £8.3m, broadly on line with plan.
- The year end forecast is for the planned £17.3m deficit, and assumes the following;
 - Delivery of the £7.8m savings target
 - Payment from commissioners will be reflective of activity incurred inclusive of any forecast over performance from T&G CCG
 - > Small over performance on all PbR contracts
 - Financial and performance criteria for receipt of £6.9m Sustainability and Transformation funding (STF) is achieved in full.
 - ➤ £17.3m working capital/loan is received to fund the deficit position.
 - Agency expenditure does not increase significantly

Key Risks to the Financial Position

- Under-performance of savings target
- Over performance not funded by the CCG
- STF metrics and therefore funding not achieved in full
- Additional unplanned expenditure due to winter pressures incurred
- Savings relating to transformation schemes delayed



Closing the Financial Gap

Establishing the Financial Gap

- Current financial gap across the health and social care economy in Tameside & Glossop will be £70.2m by 20/21
- In 16/17 the gap is £45.7m. This is made of £13.5m CCG, £8m Council and £24.2m ICO. The provider gap represents the underlying recurrent financial position at THFT. However, the Trust is in receipt of £6.9m sustainability funding in 2016/17 resulting in a planned deficit of £ 17.3 m

T&G Projected Financial Gap	2016-17 £'000	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000
Tameside MBC	8,000	22,114	22,601	21,752	25,837
Tameside & Glossop CCG	13,500	22,485	22,083	22,209	18,547
Tameside FT (after CIP)	24,200	24,380	24,686	25,049	25,786
Economy Wide Gap	45,700	68,979	69,370	69,010	70,170

Closing the Financial Gap

- CCG recovery plan recently submitted to NHS England which demonstrates initiatives which would allow the CCG to close 16/17 gap and deliver required 16/17 surplus.
 Some risk associated with this.
- More work required to identify recurrent, activity backed, transformational schemes which will contribute towards to residual gap of £14.7m in 17/18.

Summary of QIPP		201	16/17			2017	/18	
£'000s	R	Α	G	Total	R	А	G	Total
Priority 1 - Prescribing	0	1,449	0	1,449	0	1,393		1,393
Priority 2 - Effective Use of Resources/Prior approval	0	500	0	500	0	2,400	0	2,400
Priority 3 - Demand Management	96	265	0	361	0	1,886	0	1,886
Priority 4 - Single Commissioning Function responsibilities	0	463	391	854	0	1,060	219	1,279
Priority 5 - Back office functions and enabling schemes -								
IM&T and Estates	0	250	0	250	1,000	1,000	0	2,000
Priority 6 - Governance	0	30	0	30	0	100	0	100
Other Schemes in progress/achieved:	R	Α	G	Total	R	А	G	Total
Neighbourhoods	0	0	460	460	0	451	230	681
Primary Care	0	0	360	360	100	2,000	0	2,100
Mental Health	0	0	232	232	0	1,000	232	1,232
Acute Services - Elective	0	310	500	810	0	1,210	0	1,210
Enabling schemes to facilitate QIPP achievement	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	240	1,240
Other efficiencies	0	1,007	6,767	7,774	0	0	28	28
Grand Total:	96	4,274	8,710	13,080	1,100	13,500	949	15,549
Including adjustment for Optimum Bias:	10	2,137	8,710	10,857	110	6,750	949	7,809
10% of red rated schemes will be realised 50% of amber rated schemes will be realised 100% of green rated schemes will be realised								
QIPP Target			[13,500			[22,485
Savings still to find assuming application of optimism bias:			[2,643			[14,676
Other Actions to close the gap in 2016-17 (to be confirmed)			[2,643				
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Closing the Financial Gap (cont)

Closing the Financial Gap – Tameside MBC

• Range of options currently being explored and proposals being considered by the Council to deliver the remaining gap in 2016-17.

R	A	G	Total
		217	217
		169	169
		160	160
		49	49
		514	514
	272		272
		3,908	3,908
997			997
		120	120
		1,215	1,215
379			379
1,376	272	6,352	8,000
	997	997	217 169 160 49 514 272 272 3,908 997 120 1,215

Financial Risk Within the ICF

- Main financial risks within the ICF are listed to the right.
- Detailed registers which include further information about the risk and mitigating actions are reviewed by Audit Committee. Copies are available on request.
- Overall level of risk is comparable to that reported at M4.
- Removed risk about receipt of transformation money from GM Health and social care partnership.
- Added new risks about national changes to rates of FNC contribution and ensuring that transformation money
- Significant risks include:
 - CCGs ability to maintain spend within allocation and deliver a surplus in 16/17: A financial recovery plan was recently submitted to NHS England to demonstrate how we meet business rules. We now need to focus on successful delivery of this plan.
 - ➤ Meeting the financial gap recurrently: Many of the actions within the 16/17 recovery plan are non recurrent and transactional in nature. To ensure economy wide gap is met in the long term we need to replace these short term measures with recurrent, activity backed transformational schemes.

Extracts From the Corporate Risk Registers	Probability	Impact	Risk	RAG
The achievement of meeting the Financial Gap recurrently.	4	4	16	R
Over Performance of Acute Contract	3	4	12	А
Not spending transformation money in a way which delivers required change	2	4	8	А
Over spend against GP prescribing budgets	3	4	12	А
Over spend against Continuing Health Care budgets	2	3	6	А
Operational risk between joint working.	1	5	5	А
CCG Fail to maintain expenditure within the revenue resource limit and achieve a 1% surplus.	4	4	16	R
In year cuts to Council Grant Funding	2	3	6	А
Care Home placement costs are dependent on the current cohort of people in the system and can fluctuate throughout the year	3	4	12	А
Looked After Children placement costs are volatile and can fluctuate throughout the year	3	4	12	А
Unaccompanied Asylum Seekers	4	3	12	А
Provider Market Failure	2	5	10	А
Funded Nursing Care – impact of national changes to contribution rates	4	2	8	А

Other Significant Issues

Better Care Fund

- Tameside Better Care Fund plan for 16/17 was approved by NHS England on 1 September 2016.
- Plan meets all requirements and funding has been released subject to spend being consistent with final approved plan.
- All spend is monitored through the Integrated Care Fund and is being spent in the following areas:

Scheme Name	2016-1	2016-17 Budget (£000's)				
	CCG	TMBC	Total			
Urgent Integrated Care Service	578	2,374	2,952			
IRIS	578	1,338	1,916			
Early Supported Discharge Team		286	286			
Community Occupational Therapists		750	750			
Localities	412	3,265	3,677			
Telecare / Telehealth	174	667	841			
ICES (Joint Loan Store)	238	450	688			
Reablement Services		2,148	2,148			
Carers Support (In line with national						
conditions of Care Act related funding)	412	0	412			
Carers Breaks (Adults)	412	0	412			
Primary Care (£5 per head for over 75s)	1,070	0	1,070			
Existing Grant - Disabled Facilities Grant		1,978	1,978			
Impact Of New Care Act Duties		529	529			
Integration Pump Priming	982		982			
integration Funity Frining	302		502			
Maintaining Services	0	4,801	4,801			
Mental Health Services		2,450	2,450			
Adult Social Care - Community based services						
(incl Care homes)		2,351	2,351			
Contingency	900		900			
		40.05	47.05			
Total BCF Fund	4,354	12,947	17,301			

Funded Nursing Care

- 40% increase in health contribution toward FNC cases has been agreed nationally. Total CCG impact of up to £593k.
- This was an interim change until December 2016 pending outcome of national review into FNC charges. Element of the rate for agency nursing staff (which could lead to reduction of the rate in the future regional variation
- Local authority stand to be significant beneficiary of this.
 Therefore across the health and social care economy the net impact will be lower than the pure health impact above and we are managing within ICF.

Transformation Funding

- £23.2m bid for transformation funding has been made to Greater Manchester Health & Social Care Partnership. A decision about whether this funding has been approved is due to be formally ratified by end September.
- Currently in the process of determining milestones and KPIs against which the investment will be assessed.